Regulation of Healthcare Support Workers A National Pilot on behalf of the UK

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Background

- 2004 consultation England & Wales; and in Scotland
- May June 2005 National (Scotland) Strategy Group of key stakeholders (including HCSWs) - > preferred option
- July 2005 request for evidence to Foster Review Advisory Group ->
- Agreement that Scotland leads on behalf of UK (testing of preferred model in Scotland)
- October 2005 4-country Steering Group -> still steering!
- SG Working Group standards, codes, consultation, etc
- Planned pilot

Reviews of regulation by Department of Health

- 2 reports significant influence across UK
- The regulation of the non-medical healthcare professions (July 2006), the "Foster Review"
- Foster explored whether regulation needed for HCSWs > summary decision:
 - The Scottish pilot of employer-led regulation ... which should provide important evidence about whether this is the best way to proceed ... could lead to the adoption of a UK-wide approach

Definition of "Healthcare Support Worker" important in this context

Pilot project on behalf of the UK – description of preferred option

- Develop a model of employer-led regulation for HCSWs
- Hold a centralised list / "register"
- Negotiate nationally agreed standards for
 - safe recruitment and induction,
 - code of conduct for HCSWs,
 - code of practice for employers

Actions since

- Consultation on standards and codes 31 May 31 August 2006
- Overwhelming support for principle of public protection
- Positive response to standards
- Plans for launch of standards and pilot
- Piloting of standards and listing January 2007

Standards – issues addressed prior to consultation

- Need for compatibility with / linkage to:
 - KSF dimensions and e-KSF
 - Skills for Health NOSs / NWCs
 - PIN PDP and Review (Scotland)
 - NHS Scotland core induction programme (pilot)
 - Existing provision of induction (local matching)
 - Over time SCQF (performance criteria for evidence of achievement)

Public Protection Concepts - now, "standard statements" 1.

- Protect patients from harm and abuse
- Be personally fit at work
- Maintain Health and Safety at work
- Communicate appropriately with patients / others
- Work within confidentiality and legal frameworks
- Personally develop knowledge and practice

Public Protection Concepts - now, "standard statements" 2.

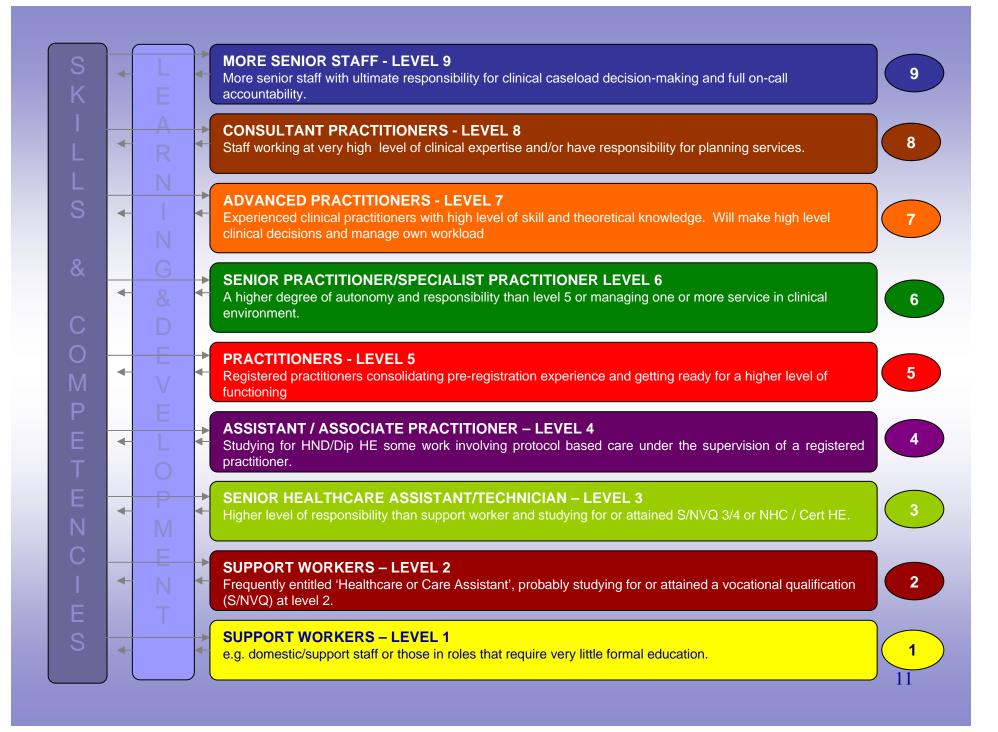
- Reflect on practice to enhance knowledge
- Assess risk associated with work
- Report incidents at work
- Contribute to team work
- Build 'customer' relationships
- Work within own limits

Public Protection Concepts - now, "standard statements" 3.

- Manage yourself as a resource
- Work in accordance with the equality, diversity, rights and responsibilities of patients
- Whistle-blow' in cases of harm and abuse

Potential use of Career Framework for HCSWs

- Consultation on CF in Scotland now complete
- Levels 1 4 relevant
- Standards relate to all levels public protection
- Not role specific clinical roles would build on the threshold standard (relevant to KSF outlines and development of national clinical standards)



Plans for Pilot

- For a year (in 1st instance) from January '07
- In 3 NHS Board areas in Scotland
- Mental Health and Children's services
- All HCSWs in chosen areas
- SWISS (e-workforce database) held 'list'
- Compliance monitoring (self assessment by Boards and national monitoring of structures and processes – NHS QIS)
- Communication!

Support for participating Boards

- Support for criminal records checks for existing staff
- Appointment of National Project Manager based in NHS QIS (Clinical Governance & Patient Safety Team)
- Three on-site local pilot coordinator posts

Prospective Evaluation Study

- Research tendering exercise now complete
- Outputs from study will provide evidence to inform future policy decision – Scotland? / UK?
- Research question:
 - "Does the model of standards and listing have the potential to enhance public protection?"

Some relevant questions 1.

- Should the existing regulatory bodies regulate support workers? - > capacity?
- Should there be an independent regulator? > cost?
- Who should pay for this? > is it "self" regulation?
- How best should the monitoring of standards be achieved?
 -> who has the right in statute?
- What training and on the job support is required? > resource implications?

Some relevant questions 2.

- Would a qualifications based register affect recruitment? > how would less 'able' cope?
- Is the professional self-regulation model used by doctors, dentists, nurses, etc be appropriate for support workers? - > would criteria be met?
- What does public safety demand? > a threshold standard of performance?
- Isn't Clinical / Staff Governance and Patient Safety Strategies enough?

Essential criteria for HPC regulation - 1.

- Discreet area of activity
- Defined body of knowledge
- Evidence-based practice
- Established professional body
- Voluntary register

Essential criteria for HPC regulation – 2.

- Defined entry routes
- Independently assessed qualifications
- Standards conduct, performance, ethics
- Disciplinary procedures
- Commitment to continuing professional development

For more information

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QUESTIONS?